Agriculture Sector Development









Import of 15,000 Cattle.

Construction of Bio Gas Units in Livestock Farms.

Regional Fisheries Livelihood Programme for South and South East Asia.

Establishment of a Multi-sensor Surveillance System for the Exclusive Economic Zone of Sri Lanka.

The Third Tea Smallholder Development Project.

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Importation of 15,000 Cattle

FUNDING SOURCES

Foreign

Rs.2,200 million

Domestic

Rs.550 million



Current Status

Project Proposal has been recommended for donor assistance.

The immediate objective of the project is to improve the productivity of the national gene pool and to ensure the issue of quality breeding stock to farmers. The final objective of this project is to increase the national milk production and thereby reduce the cost of powdered milk imports to the country.

KEY COMPONENTS

Importation of 15,000 high yielding dairy cattle.

Commencement of a rapid programme in NLDB farms for pasture development, renovation of cattle sheds and other infrastructure facilities.

Project Benefits

- It is expected that 4,000-6,000 cows and 6,000-9000 bulls will be released annually to farmers.
- The national annual milk production is expected to increase by 60 million liters per annum.

Construction of Bio Gas Units in Livestock Farms

FUNDING SOURCES

Foreign

Rs.1,047 million

Domestic

Rs.262 million

Key Objectives

- Utilization of livestock manure for the generation of renewable energy.
- Prevention of environmental pollution by farm waste.
- Promotion of the production of organic fertilizers.

Key Components

- Construction of 5100 biogas units of different sizes (small 4000, medium 1000 and large 100) for the production of renewable energy.
- Capacity building and skills development for technicians and other relevant officers.
- Purchase of the necessary equipment and vehicles.



Current Status

Θ Project Proposal has been recommended for donor funding

Project Benefits

• 5100 bio gas units will be constructed

Regional Fisheries Livelihood Programme South and South East Asia

FUNDING SOURCES

Foreign

Rs.1,725 million

Domestic

Rs.431 million



improve livelihoods and reduce the vulnerability of small-scale fishing communities in the South and Southeast Asian countries

The objective of the project is to

Key Components

- Co-management mechanism for sustainable utilization of fishery resources.
- Improved safety at sea and reduction of vulnerability.
- Improved quality of fishery products and market chains.
- Diversification of income opportunities for the fisher community.

Current Status

 NPD has approved the project and donor assistance is sought for implementation.

Project Benefits

 Strengthening of capacity among participating small-scale fishing communities and supporting institutions towards improved livelihoods and sustainable fisheries resources management.

Establishment of a Multi-sensor Surveillance System for the Exclusive Economic Zone of Sri Lanka

FUNDING SOURCES

Foreign

Rs.4,426 million

Domestic

Rs.1,107 million

PURPOSE OF THE PROJECT

- Better control of maritime affairs outside territorial limits and within the exclusive economic zone.
- Elimination of unregulated, unreported and illegal fishing.
- Establishment of an effective information system on the activities in the exclusive economic zone.
- Enhancement of the voice and data communication infrastructure for the fishing community.

KEY COMPONENT

Procurement of communication and other equipment and their establishment in the base stations.



Current Status

• The Department of National Planning has recommended the project for donor assistance

Project Benefits

- Establish a radio communication infrastructure at fishery harbours.
- Establish a Sri Lankan vessel location system.
- Establish radar transreceivers at fishery harbours.
- Establish airborne surveillance platforms.
- Enhance voice and data communication infrastructure for the fishing community.

The Third Tea Smallholder Development Project

FUNDING SOURCES

Foreign

Rs.4,576 million

Domestic

Rs.1,144 million

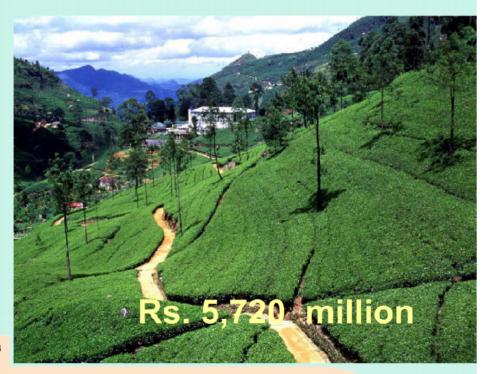
The overall objective of the project is to increase the livelihood status of the tea smallholders and to maintain the present domestic production level of tea on a sustainable basis.

The project has three major components; (1) Field development (2) Factory modernization and (3) Establishment of Nurseries.

The 1st component includes replanting of tea (5000 ha), field automation and the provision of modern irrigation (drip) facilities. The 2nd component envisages quality certification, promotion of CTC tea manufacturing and improvements in the manufacture of tea. The 3rd component aims at providing financial support to establish and strengthen 500 nurseries for smallholders.

Current Status

The Department of National Planning has recommended the project for donor assistance.



Project Benefits

- The crop productivity of 5000 ha of lands of old seedling tea will be increased through the cultivation of Vegetative Propagated tea.
- Tea factories will be modernized to suit the quality demanded by the major buyers, particularly the European Union and Japan.
- Good quality planting material will be made available to tea growers.
- Field mechanization.